

Programme Specification

BSc Physics

Please note: This specification provides a concise summary of the main features of the programme and the learning outcomes that a typical student might reasonably be expected to achieve and demonstrate if full advantage is taken of the learning opportunities that are provided. More detailed information on the learning outcomes, content and teaching, learning and assessment methods of each module can be found in Module Specifications and other programme documentation and online at <http://www.lboro.ac.uk/>
The accuracy of the information in this document is reviewed by the University and may be checked by the Quality Assurance Agency for Higher Education.

Awarding body/institution;	Loughborough University
Department;	Physics
Teaching institution (if different);	
Details of accreditation by a professional/statutory body;	Full accreditation by the Institute of Physics
Name of the final award;	BSc
Programme title;	Physics
UCAS code;	F300/F301
Date at which the programme specification was written or revised.	11 th Jan 2008

1. Aims of the programme:

To communicate to students the laws and phenomena that comprise the world view of the physicist.

To educate students as physicists in preparation for employment in industry, public service or academic research by providing the knowledge, competence and skills expected of a physicist.

To enable students to apply a broad understanding of the basic principles of physics to the solution of physical problems.

To provide the student with enhanced skills in mathematics, problem solving, experimental techniques, scientific report writing and the collection and analysis of information.

To provide the student with enhanced skills in presenting information and the use of information technology.

To provide an environment that gives students opportunities to develop their own interests, self-reliance and career aspirations.

2. Relevant subject benchmark statements and other external and internal reference points used to inform programme outcomes:

The national benchmark statement for Physics
Institute of Physics degree accreditation guidelines
University Teaching and Learning Strategy
Framework for Higher Education Qualifications

3. Intended Learning Outcomes

Knowledge and Understanding:

The degree programme in Physics covers the fundamental topics of physics, provides a selection of advanced topics and develops experimental, mathematical, computational and other transferable skills. On successful completion of this programme students should have demonstrated

1. Knowledge and understanding of most fundamental physical laws and principles and competence in the application of these principles to diverse areas of physics.
2. An ability to solve problems in physics using appropriate mathematical tools.
3. An ability to identify physical principles relevant to a problem and to make approximations necessary to obtain solutions.
4. An ability to execute and analyse critically the results of an experimental investigation and to draw valid conclusions with an estimate of the uncertainty in the result. The ability to critically compare experimental results with the predictions of theory.
5. An ability to use competently IT packages and a knowledge of computer programming.
6. An ability to communicate scientific information especially in the form of clear and accurate scientific reports.

Teaching, learning and assessment strategies to enable outcomes to be achieved and demonstrated:

Knowledge and understanding of areas 1 – 3 is acquired through lectures, tutorials, problem classes and guided independent study. The practically oriented knowledge of areas 4 – 6 is acquired in practical classes, both experimental and computing, and associated lectures.

Areas 1-3 are assessed by examinations and coursework. Areas 4 –6 are mainly assessed by coursework supplemented by written and viva voce examinations.

Skills and other attributes:

a. Subject-specific cognitive skills:

On successful completion of the programme students should be able to

1. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concept, principles and theories relating to the areas listed in 3.
2. Apply such knowledge and understanding to the solution of qualitative and quantitative problems of a familiar and unfamiliar nature.
3. Recognise and analyse novel problems and plan strategies for their solution.
4. Evaluate, interpret and collate information and data.

Teaching, learning and assessment strategies to enable outcomes to be achieved and demonstrated:

Cognitive skills are promoted by lectures, practicals, tutorials and supervision of advanced work in the final year and by guided independent study.

Cognitive skills are assessed by examinations and coursework. Examinations show how well a student can understand and apply an area of knowledge by applying their knowledge and understanding to an unseen question in a limited time period. Coursework allows the student to demonstrate wider skills by incorporating experimental skills, literature research, report writing skills and presentation skills in the assessment. In the final year the student demonstrates all of the above skills in an academic research project that may be theoretically or experimentally based.

b. Subject-specific practical skills:

On successful completion of the programme students should be able to

1. Observe, accurately record and analyse, including estimates of accuracy, the results of experiments into physical processes.
2. Design an experiment to test a physical theory.
3. Communicate ideas effectively by means of written reports and orally.
4. Plan and execute a research project on a topic of current scientific interest.
5. Apply appropriate mathematical or computing tools to a physical problem.

Teaching, learning and assessment strategies to enable outcomes to be achieved and demonstrated:

Practical skills are promoted through laboratory and project work. In Parts A and B students are taught in practical classes and in Part C they undertake a research project under the supervision and guidance of a staff member.

Assessment is via coursework, mainly in the form of written reports and discussions of experimental work with staff members. In Part C the major research project is assessed by report, viva vice examination and research presentation.

c. Key/transferable skills:

On successful completion of the programme students should be able to

1. Formulate problems in precise terms and identify key issues, construct logical arguments and use technical language correctly.
2. Use standard IT packages (wordprocessors, spreadsheets) and write computer programs.
3. Listen carefully, read demanding texts and present complex information in a clear and concise manner.
4. Demonstrate study skills for continuing professional development.
5. Demonstrate retrieval skills for directly taught and independently acquired information and for primary as well as secondary information sources.

Teaching, learning and assessment strategies to enable outcomes to be achieved and demonstrated:

Study skills information is provided to each student on arrival. Students should have gained an understanding of how to clearly report experimental methodology, observations and results including the analysis of qualitative and quantitative data through written reports and their feedback. Tutorials and presentations provide an opportunity to develop skills in the oral and written presentation of information from directly taught and independently acquired information, and for primary as well as secondary information sources. Group Coursework aids interpersonal skills by interaction with other people and engagement in team-working to develop arguments and problem solve. Timetabled laboratory classes, practical sessions and published coursework deadlines train students in time management and organisational skills.

4. Programme structures and requirements , levels, modules, credits and awards:

Students concentrate on core Physics and Mathematics for the first two years enabling them to choose from a wide variety of modules in the final year provided by a wide range of departments in both the Science and Engineering Faculties as well as the Physics department.

More detail can be found at:

<http://www.lboro.ac.uk/departments/ph/teaching/programmes/ph.html>

Full details are to be found in the Programme Regulations:

<http://www.lboro.ac.uk/departments/ph/teaching/regs/current/phr.pdf>

5. Criteria for admission to the programme:

A-Level qualifications: 280 points normally to include a minimum of grade C in Physics and Maths at A-Level (A2) or equivalent. Mature candidates and candidates with other qualifications are invited to apply. All applications will be considered on their merits.

6. Information about assessment regulations:

Most modules are assessed by a mixture of written examination and coursework and some will include practical assessment.

Part A and Part B assessment is for progression to the second and third year respectively. Second and third year results are weighted 40:60 in calculating final degree classification.

Students follow modules weighted at 120 credits per year. In order to progress to the next year of the programme, or to be awarded a degree at the end of Part C, students must, each year, accumulate at least 100 credits. A pass mark of 40% is applied to each module.

Any student who fails to meet these module requirements has the automatic right of reassessment on one occasion only. Candidates are permitted to undertake reassessment in modules which, if passed, would give them a maximum of 100 credits (unless a candidate has achieved 90 credits with one 10 credit module and one 20 credit module, when they may take the 20 credit module). Students can opt for reassessment in either the September following the end of the academic year or during the course of the following academic year. However, some modules (chiefly those involving practical work) are **not** available in September. Students who are reassessed in the following year may choose to take the reassessment with or without tuition. Students who are reassessed with tuition are required to take both coursework and examination components of the module (and the new mark supersedes the original mark). Students who are reassessed without tuition may be allowed to carry forward the component which has been passed. The overall mark, averaged over coursework and examination, for reassessed modules is capped at 40%.

Detailed information regarding the assessment of individual modules is in the appropriate module specification.

7. What makes the programme distinctive:

The programme includes a wide range of optional modules outside of physics, including foreign languages and a module designed to give students experience of teaching science in a secondary school.

The optional sandwich year provides the opportunity either to study abroad for a year (in another European country or in Australia) or to work in an industrial or research environment for a year. The year of study abroad introduces students to a new academic and cultural environment and complements their studies by offering subjects that may not be covered at Loughborough and developing language and other skills. The industrial placement exposes students to a workplace environment and develops skills such as personal management, communication and team working.

8. Particular support for learning:

i) Departmental Support

The department has an integrated structure for the management, appraisal and planning of teaching and learning. This is comprised of a Director of Teaching who manages the teaching committee and has overall responsibility for teaching matters, Programme Tutors who have responsibility for the academic content and the general organisation of the programmes, and Personal Tutors, who are responsible for matters relating to a student's academic welfare.

On the first day of their academic studies, students receive a handbook from the department with important information including the management structure of the department, programme specifications and general points relating to coursework and examination. The students are also assigned a personal tutor who is responsible for their personal welfare who arranges to see them during the first semester. Thereafter the personal tutor arranges to see their tutees at important times, such as after examinations, or when problems have been raised in respect to the tutees by module

organisers, Programme Tutors or the Director of Teaching. The personal tutor is available for consultation by a student at all reasonable times.

ii) University Support

Please refer to <http://www.lboro.ac.uk/admin/ar/templates/notes/lps>